



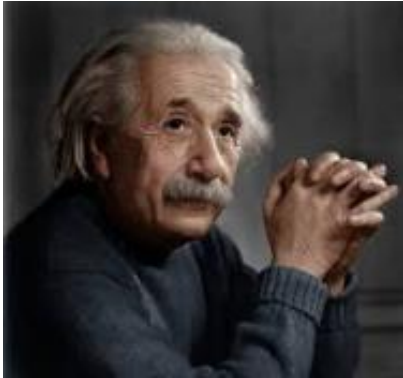
LESSON 12. HELEN KELLER



1. Who are the most famous people in your country?
2. Why are they famous?
3. Would you like to be famous? Why or Why not?

Can you identify these famous people?

1



2



3



4



5



6



Who are they and why are they famous?

tutor
fever

respects
communicate

deaf
blind

1. Steven was sick and hot, but he felt cold. He had a _____.
2. James _____ his teacher.
3. The music is too loud! Turn it down, or you will go _____.
4. Every day, my _____ teaches me.
5. We usually _____ through talking.
6. Some animals cannot see at night. They become _____.

Fill in the gaps
and then use the words in sentences

Helen Keller

(JUNE 27, 1880 - JUNE 1, 1968)

Helen Keller was born in 1880. At a young age, Helen caught a **fever**. As a result, Helen became both deaf and blind. However, she went on to live an amazing life.

After her fever, it was difficult for Helen. She didn't know how to **communicate** with people.

She could use smell and touch. A **tutor**, Ann Sullivan, started working with Helen. This changed Helen's life. Ann taught Helen how to read and Helen learned how to communicate.

After that there was no stopping Helen. She studied hard. She went on to Radcliffe College, a famous women's school. She even wrote "*The story of my life*", a book about her life and adventures. Helen Keller taught people to **respect** the **blind** and **deaf**.



1. **Why is Helen Keller famous?**
 - a. She had many problems
 - b. She learned how to communicate
 - c. She was deaf, but wrote a book
 - d. Although she was deaf and blind, she did many things

2. **What does “This” mean in the reading?**
 - a. Anne Sullivan
 - b. Anne Sullivan helping Helen
 - c. Helen learning to communicate
 - d. Helen becoming blind and deaf

3. **Helen Keller was blind and deaf. How could she learn?**
 - a. She used her senses of smell and touch.
 - b. She didn’t learn anything.
 - c. Her tutor learned from her.
 - d. She listened to her tutor.

4. **Which is false?**
 - a. Communication was difficult for Helen.
 - b. Helen could not see or hear.
 - c. Helen was deaf from birth
 - D. Helen became famous.

Choose the best answer

Words and Phrases

Be no stopping

There ***was no stopping*** her. She finished the report in just two hours.

Go on to (be / do / become)

He ***went on to*** be the best student in class.

(teach / show / tell) someone how to (use/read/play)

She showed us ***how to*** use this machine.

Fill in the blanks with the correct phrase.

Change the form of the words if necessary.

1. He was a tutor in high school and college. He _____ become a teacher.
2. My friend told me _____ the game.
3. She wins every tennis match! There _____ her.

Use the words and phrases in your own sentence.

“Have to” and “Must”



These two are very similar and both are used to talk about **obligation**.

Used in the **positive/affirmative**, these two are almost identical. They are used to say that there is an obligation, necessity for someone to do something.

- *Drivers in England **have to** drive on the left of the road.*
- *All students **must** finish the exam by eleven o'clock.*
- *All young Israelis **have to** do military service.*

must

Personal Duties

must when the obligation comes from the speaker.

have to

Obligations to help

Usually, **have to** is used when there is an *external* obligation on you

“Have to” and “Must”



Used in the negative, **have to** and **must** are very different.

Mustn't means there is an **obligation not to do something**. It's against the law, for example.

*You **mustn't** drive over 70mph in this area.*

*Teachers **mustn't** hit their students.*

*If you drink more than a couple of beers, you **mustn't** try and drive home.*

Don't have to, on the other hand, means there is no obligation for you to do something. In other words, **it isn't necessary**.

*Rich people **don't have to** work.*

*You **don't have to** do part B of the test. That is for the other class.*

*In Britain, old people **don't have to** pay on the buses. It's free!*

Must doesn't have a past form so you should use **had to**.

*We missed the last bus last night so we **had to** catch a taxi.*

1. I _____ speak English well. I need it in my job.
2. I _____ speak English well. I love it.
3. I _____ get up at 5:00. I want to go fishing.
4. I _____ get up at 5:00. I commute to work.
5. I _____ wear a suit. It's a formal party.
6. I _____ wear a suit. I want to look good.
7. I _____ follow the procedures. I don't want to be wrong.
8. I _____ follow the procedures. It's my duty.
9. I _____ earn money for the company.
10. I _____ earn a lot of money. I want to buy a house.

Choose the right verb. 'Have to' or 'must'

1. You _____ leave your bags unattended. They will be stolen.
2. You _____ come if you don't want to.
3. You _____ speak to him like that. It's rude.
4. I _____ leave this any longer. It's getting urgent.
5. We _____ be there until 8. We have plenty of time.
6. You _____ pay by cheque. You can pay online with your credit card.
7. You _____ be late for interview.
8. We _____ pay now. We can pay when we get there.
9. You _____ have a visa if you have a European passport.
10. You _____ make so much noise. You'll wake up the baby.

Choose the right verb. ' don't have to' or 'must '

Vocabulary Exercise



Match the words to complete the phrase

big	centre	fame	time	fan
spot	hit the	light	famous	
world-	rise to	limelight	profile	
make it	well-	stage	headlines	
high -	make a	big	known	name
steal the	make a			

Discuss the words with your teacher.

How to become famous?



1. Decide what you'll be famous for.



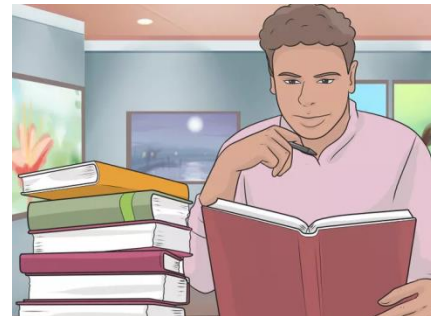
2. Be the best



3. Find Mentors



4. Be unique



5. Learn as much as you can about the field you want to crack into.



6. Get the word out

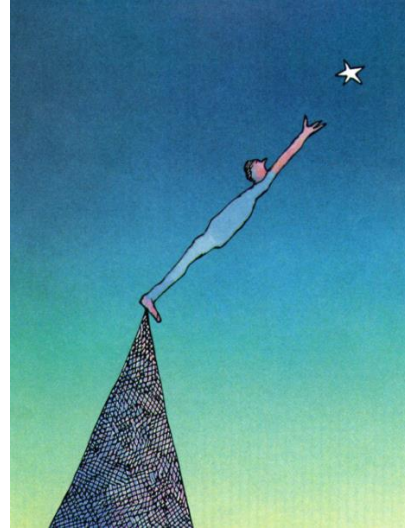
Useful Expressions



The searchers **fanned out**, looking for the child lost in the woods. Let's **fan out** and search a wider area.



Jane had her **15 minutes of fame** when she appeared on the nightly talent show.



My parents always taught me to **reach for the stars** when I was growing up – that I could be anything I set my mind to.

1. What are the benefits of being famous?
2. What difficulties do famous people face?
3. Which famous people do you dislike?
4. Who would you like to meet? Why?
5. Why is being famous so important to people?
6. Do you think fame makes people happy? Why or why not?
7. Why are so many people obsessed with celebrities?
8. Should celebrities get paid a lot of money? Why or Why not?



Pronunciation Activity



Brother Brick borrowed
Brother Beck's big blue
back pack. Now Brother
Beck begs Brother Brick
to bring the Beck's big
blue back pack back.

The End