

Warm Up



What is usually on your shopping list?

Introduction



The <u>market</u> is a place where products are bought and sold. A <u>store</u> or a shop is a retail establishment selling items to the public.

How often do you go shopping?

Expand your Vocabulary

Work with your teacher. List several foods or products for each section of the grocery store.

Produce	Dairy	meat	Fish
Poultry	Deli	Bakery	Frozen Foods
Canned Good	Health and Beauty Supplies	Household Cleaning Products	Paper products

Role Playing

Practice the dialogue with your teacher.

Customer:	Excuse me. Where can I find the butter?
Clerk:	It's in the dairy section, at the back of the store. I can
	show you.
Customer:	That's okay. I can find it myself now.
Clerk:	Is there anything else you're looking for today?
Customer:	Can you also tell me where to find the shampoo?
Clerk:	Sure. It's in the health and beauty supplies, in aisle four.
Customer:	Thanks a lot.
Clerk:	You're welcome. Have a good day.



- Potatoes
- Ground beef
- Muffins
- Sliced ham
- Frozen peas



At the Supermarket

Label the pictures with the words below.

a basket

a cashier

a checkout

a plastic bag

a trolley

an aisle











3. _____



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We are Family

Sentence Completion

Complete the sentences with words from the box.

Рау	Purchase	Damaged	Return	Discount
Spend	Look for	Expensive	Swipe	Cheap

1.	She wanted him to say that he would	the bill.
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- 2. I must calculate how much money I'll _____ next week.
- 3. The dress is too _____ for me to buy.
- 4. Tom bought a pair of ______ shoes, but they didn't last very long.
- 5. The couple wants to _____ a home.
- 6. Is there a _____ if you pay in cash?
- 7. _____ this book as soon as you can.
- 8. You can ______ a credit card to fill up your car with gas.
- 9. Would you help me _____ my keys?
- 10. The plants were _____ by the frost.

Kinds of Stores

Match the column A to column B.

- a. A very big store, especially one that has many different types of products, or one that has a lot of one type of product.
- b. A store where you can buy food, newspapers, etc., that is often open 24 hours each day.
- c. A store where you can buy medicines, beauty products, etc.
- d. A store that sells food and other things used in the home.
- e. A store that sells equipment and tools that you use in your home and yard.
- f. A place where plants and trees are grown and sold.
- g. A place or area within a grocery store where bread, cakes, cookies, etc. are made or sold.
- h. A small store where alcohol is sold.
- i. A large store that sells many different products, such as clothes, kitchen equipment, etc.
- j. a place on a street where newspapers and magazines are sold.
- k. A small store or an area within a grocery store that sells cheese, cooked meat, bread, etc.
- I. A small store that sells fashionable clothes or decorations
- m. A store for paper, envelopes, pens, and other equipment used for writing

- 1. Grocery store
- 2. Supermarket
- 3. Bakery
- 4. Delicatessen/deli
- 5. Liquor store
- 6. Drugstore
- 7. Stationery Store
- 8. Hardware store
- 9. Nursery/garden center
- 10. Newsstand
- **11. Boutique**
- 12. Convenience store
- 13. Department store

Reading Exercise



He drove to the supermarket. He was out of food. He had no food in his refrigerator. He had no food in his cupboards. He needed to buy some food. He hoped he would find a sale. A sale would save him money. He walked into the supermarket. He

walked over to the produce section. The apples were on sale. The bananas were on sale. It was his lucky day. He loved apples. He loved bananas. The apples were only one dollar a pound. The regular price was \$2.50 a pound. The bananas were only 49 cents a pound. The regular price was 89 cents a pound. He bought four pounds of apples. He bought four pounds of bananas. Then he walked over to the dairy section. Maybe the milk was on sale, too.



Reading Comprehension

Identify whether the statements are true or false.

- 1. He drove to the supermarket to buy food.
- 2. The refrigerator is the same as the cupboard.
- 3. The bananas and apples are on sale.
- 4. A sale would save him money.
- 5. He loved bananas but not apples.

- 6. The regular price of apples was \$1.
- 7. Three pounds of apples cost \$3.
- 8. The regular price of bananas was 49 cents a pound.
- 9. The milk is in the produce section.
- 10. The mill is not on sale.

Free Response

- a) Have you ever ran out of food?
- b) How often do you go shopping for food?
- c) Do you like to buy food that are on sale?
- d) Do you think the price of food is increasing? Why? Or Why not?

Grammar Focus

Some vs. Any

The words **<u>some and any</u>** are determiners. They are used to modify nouns. **<u>Some and any</u>** can be used with both countable and uncountable nouns. They show an indefinite quantity or number.

Some and any can be used with both singular and plural nouns.

- Have you got any cookies? (Here 'any' is used to modify the plural noun 'friends'.)
- We haven't got any oil. (Here 'any' is used with the singular uncountable noun 'oil'.)

Some and any are used to refer to an indefinite quantity or number.

Use 'some' in affirmative sentences. We can use some with both countable and uncountable nouns.

- I need some oil.
- There were some tomatoes in the refrigerator.
- I need some butter.

Use 'any' in negative and interrogative sentences.

- She hasn't got any potatoes.
- Have you got any milk?

Grammar Focus

some or **any**? – Choose the correct answer.

- 1. We need _____ bananas.
- 2. You can't buy _____ posters in this shop.
- 3. We haven't got _____ oranges at the moment.
- 4. Peter has bought _____ new books.
- 5. She always takes ______ sugar with her coffee.
- 6. I have seen ______ nice postcards in this souvenir shop.
- 7. There aren't _____ folders in my bag.
- 8. I have _____ magazines for you.
- 9. There are _____ apples on the table.
- 10. Pam does not have _____ pencils on her desk.
- 11. Have you got ______ tomatoes?
 12. There are ______ exercise books on the floor.
 13. Did you get the ketchup? No, they didn't have ______.
 You should eat ______ fresh fruit.
 14. We had to wait for ______ minutes.
 15. Is there ______ lemonade left?
 16. They didn't sing ______ songs.
 17. Here are ______ cornflakes, but there isn't ______ milk.
 18. I'm looking for ______ good music.
 19. There is no butter in the fridge. Let's go and get ______.

Useful Expressions

Study the expressions below. Put them into the correct categories.

- Can I have a kilo of that beef, please?
- Excuse me, I'm looking for rice.
- Excuse me, where can I find coffee?
- What is that over there?
- Can I have a bag, please?
- Do you have any French cheese?
- Do you accept credit card?
- Your total comes to \$56.50.



At the delicatessen:	Looking for items:	At the checkout:

At the check out

Respond to the following questions

- 1. Do you have a discount card today?
- 2. Are you using any coupons today?
- 3. I'm sorry but your card has been declined. Would you like to use another form of payment? (when a credit or debit card has insufficient funds.)
- 4. Will there be anything else for you today?
- 5. And how was everything today? (service industry)
- 6. Will that be cash or charge?
- 7. Please swipe your card.
- 8. Would you like your receipt in the bag?



We are Family

Culture File

- What are the famous local shops in your country?
- Complete the table below.

ITEMS	STORE	WHY?
Grocery		
Clothes		
Shoes		
Medicine		
Furniture		
Gadgets		
Beauty Products		
Fast Food		
Bakery		
Confectioner		
Coffee drinks		



Speaking Drill

- 1. What is the biggest market in your country?
- 2. What do you mostly buy in the market?
- 3. When do you usually shop?
- 4. What do people use to pay for goods cash or credit card?
- 5. Do you use coupons when buying things?
- 6. Do you like to work in a store?
- 7. Do you buy goods on sale?
- 8. Do you like goods from foreign countries?
- 9. What do you think supermarkets will be like in 50 years' time?
- 10. What are you planning to buy in the market soon?



Pronunciation Drills

Minimal Pairs

D sound	Voiced TH sound	
D's	these	
D	thee	
die	thy	
doze	those	
day	they	
dare	their	
dough	though	
Dan	than	
den	then	



The End